The 2000 Election
On December 31, 1999, people all over the world celebrated the beginning of a new millennium. The new millennium really began on January 1, 2001. In a presidential election, the vote of individual citizens is called the popular vote. The candidate who wins the popular vote in a state wins all of that state’s Electoral College votes. To win the election you have to win the electoral vote.

The 2000 presidential election was an example of a close popular and electoral vote. The race was very close in Florida, where George W. Bush won the first count. Al Gore said the votes were not counted properly. Finally, the Supreme Court said that the Florida votes would not be recounted. Bush became President. In 2004, Bush ran again and won both the electoral and popular votes.

Attack on the Nation
On September 11, 2001, nearly three thousand people were killed by acts of terrorism in the United States. Terrorists hijacked four airplanes. They crashed two airplanes into the World Trade Center in New York, and one into the Pentagon in Washington, D.C. A fourth plane crashed in Pennsylvania.

The terrorists were from a group called al-Qaeda. They were against the United States’ involvement in the Middle East. After the attacks, Bush accused the country of Afghanistan of hiding the leader of al-Qaeda, Osama bin Laden, and his followers. In October, 2001, a coalition of nations led by the United States went to war in Afghanistan. They defeated the government, but they did not find bin Laden.

In 2003, Bush said Saddam Hussein, the leader in Iraq, was a danger to his neighbors and to the United States. In March 2003, the United States went to war in Iraq. After defeating Hussein’s army and arresting Hussein, the military stayed in Iraq while a new Iraqi government formed.